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# แบบฝึกหัดเคมบริดจ์ การเขียนภาษาอังกฤษ กิจกรรมที่ 1 เรื่อง SPOKEN OR WRITTEN

Spoken or written?
CEFR Level Time Skills  B1-B2 5-10 minutes Speaking Writing
Been here for quite a long time now. I'm really enjoying it.
spoken written
Notices have been put up all around the town advertising the next concert.
spoken written
He's not always that punctual. Mind you, I'm quite often late myself.
spoken written
I'm much more used to it now, getting up at 6.
spoken written
It is frequently difficult to locate any shops that are open after 6 o'clock.
spoken written
I spent a considerable amount of time thinking about what to do next before finally coming to a decision.
spoken written
I mean, it's not like he's ever said anything, I just don't think he likes me that much.
spoken written

So, I think we've covered everything we wanted to.

spoken

written

# สรุปความรู้ เรื่อง Linking words

Linking words คือคำที่ใช้เชื่อมเพื่อให้ประโยคที่เราใช้ หรือสื่อสารดูไหลลื่น ใช้ในการทำให้เกิดผลลัพธ์ เพิ่มเติมข้อมูล การ สรุป มองเห็นภาพ เน้นประเด็น เรียงลำดับข้อมูล เปรียบเทียบหรือความคิดที่ขัดแย้ง

# 1. ADDITION (ให้ข้อมูลเพิ่มเติม)

furthermore moreover additionally in addition besides also not only.... but also as well as ตัวอย่างประโยค

• Bilingual children do better in IQ tests than children who speak only one language. *In addition,* they seem to find it easier to learn third or even fourth languages.

## 2. EXAMPLE (ให้ตัวอย่าง)

for example one clear example is for instance such as namely to illustrate illustrated by this can be seen in ตัวอย่างประโยค

• The study looks at health expenditure in five countries of south-eastern

Europe, *namely* Albania, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Montenegro, Serbia, and Kosovo.

## 3. CONTRAST (ขัดแย้ง)

however nevertheless even though despite
in spite of otherwise nonetheless on the other hand
on the contrary in comparison in contrast whereas
ตัวอย่างประโยค

• The Cossack cavalry tended to be of the poorer families but *nevertheless* were smart and full of pride.

## 4. REASONS - RESULTS (เหตุ-ผล)

because owing to due to since as therefore consequently hence as a consequence as a result thus accordingly in consequence (of something) ตัวอย่างประโยค

• Some of the best broccoli is grown in the south of Italy, *hence* the reason it is also called calabrese, from Calabria.



i อ.......ชั้น......เลขที่......

## 5. SUMMARY (สรุป)

in short in conclusion in other words

in general in brief to sum up

#### ตัวอย่างประโยค

• *In conclusion,* the study has provided useful insights into the issues relating to people's perception of crime.

## 6. SIMILARITY (ในทำนองเดียวกัน)

similarly in the same way the same as

identical to likewise equally

#### ตัวอย่างประโยค

• The girls particularly enjoy using social networking websites. *Similarly,* nearly all the boys said they spent at least two to three hours a week on these sites.

#### 7. TIME (เวลา)

presently currently nowadays meanwhile in the meantime (shortly) thereafter finally at last eventually in the past

#### ตัวอย่างประโยค

• *Currently,* no genetic predisposition to lower vitamin D status in these groups has been established.

## 8. LISTING (ไล่ลำดับ)

firstly/first secondly/second thirdly/third fourthly/fourth lastly finally next

## <u>ตัวอย่างประโยค</u>

• City life has several drawbacks. *Firstly,* the cost of living in a city is usually much higher than in a small town or village. Inhabitants of cities have to pay higher prices for housing, transport, and even food. *Secondly,* urban areas tend to suffer from social problems such as high crime and poverty rates in comparison with rural areas. *Lastly,* the air quality in cities is often poor, due to pollution from traffic, and the streets and public transport systems are usually overcrowded



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# แบบฝึกหัดเคมบริดจ์ การเขียนภาษาอังกฤษ กิจกรรมที่ 2 เรื่อง Linking words

Linking	words						
CEFR Level B1-B2	5-10 m		kills Writing				
She hasn't	tidied her k	oedroom <u>y</u>	yet	_ she pror	mised m	e she would.	
thoug	gh		if		sin	ce	
They	said they'l	l be here	by twelve		the traf	fic's slow.	
or			until		1	unless	
	I hate st	rong flav	ours	curry	or garli	c.	
althou	ıgh		like			but	
He said he e	enjoyed the	meal I cod	oked, but I w	/asn't sure		_ he really did	
wheth	her		while		as		



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# แบบฝึกหัดเคมบริดจ์ การเขียนภาษาอังกฤษ กิจกรรมที่ 3 เรื่อง Formal and informal verbs

Formal and informal verbs	How difficult was this activity?  Too easy OR Too hard
B1-B2 0-5 minutes Vocabulary Writing Match the informal verb on the left thing on the right.	t with the formal way of saying the same
get	purchase
allow	obtain
buy	perform
say	state
do	permit

ให้นักเรียนหาคำศัพท์ที่ไม่เป็นทางการ-คู่กับคำศัพท์ที่เป็นทางการพร้อมความหมายเป็นภาษาอังกฤษ

Informal	Formal	Definitions
1.		
2.		
3.		
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# แบบฝึกหัดเคมบริดจ์ การเขียนภาษาอังกฤษ กิจกรรมที่ 4 เรื่อง Order of events

Order of events			
CEFR Level B1-B2	Time 5–10 minutes	Skills  Grammar Reading Writing	

## Writing a narrative

Read the story about a woman called Amber and a drink called a milkshake. Look at the order in which the events happened because you will match the order and the events next.

A woman called Amber Jade, who started an online campaign as a joke, has seen it make £50,000 after her videos were watched by hundreds of thousands. She posted the videos on a website that is usually used by people who want to raise money for creative projects such as publishing books or making new products. In the first video that she posted, she drank a milkshake she had bought and told viewers that she'd never actually made a milkshake herself before. She then requested donations to buy the initial ingredients so she could. Lots of people liked the joke and passed the link to the video to friends. At that point, Amber decided to create T-shirts to give away to those who donated over £20. This proved popular and more and more people got involved. Realising how many potential customers were watching her videos, the Milk Marketing Council invited her to a dairy to see where milk comes from. 'I'd never milked a cow before,' Amber said, 'It was amazing.' Last month she held a music and food festival in Bath and invited all those who had donated to the campaign. Anyone who had donated over £5 received free milkshakes for themselves and two guests. Following the festival, she has begun to set up a charity using the rest of the money.

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \begin{tabular}{ll} \be$ 



Amber made a video of herself drinking a milkshake.	First
Amber bought a milkshake.	Second
Amber ran a music festival.	Third
Amber milked a cow.	Fourth
Amber made T-shirts.	Fifth



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# แบบฝึกหัดเคมบริดจ์ การเขียนภาษาอังกฤษ กิจกรรมที่ 5 เรื่อง More Definitions

Proficient  More definitions		How difficult was this activity?  Too hard
C1-C2	5-10 minutes	Skills  Vocabulary Writing

Having a good range of vocabulary is necessary to make you fluent in both speaking and writing. This activity practises your knowledge of vocabulary and how to use different forms of the same word.

 $\ensuremath{\mathcal{L}}\xspace^{\ensuremath{\mathcal{L}}\xspace}$  Match the word on the left with the correct definition on the right.

contradict (verb)	to be the largest, most important or most noticeable part of something
differentiate (verb)	to try very hard to do something
dominate (verb)	to say the opposite of what someone else has said. Or a statement or fact is so different from another statement or fact that one of them must be wrong.
endeavour (verb)	to show or find the difference between things that are compared

**CHECK ANSWERS** 

Choose an option

dominating

contradicting

differentiating

endeavouring

between our students on the basis of their

Choose an option

dominate

contradict

differentiate

endeavour

Now let's see if you can remember the vocabulary and adapt it to the new sentence structure. You may have to change the original verb to a noun or adjective.

Despite our best \_\_\_\_\_, we weren't able to meet the deadline.

Type your answer here...

Now let's see if you can remember the vocabulary and adapt it to the new sentence structure. You may have to change the original verb to a noun or adjective.

In terms of business, product
\_\_\_\_\_ is vital if we want to beat
our competitors.

Type your answer here...